VOL.IV. 207.

NEWPORT NEWS, FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 1, 1899

PRICE: TWO CENTS

TYLER AND MADISON

Nominated for Senate and House, Respectively.

THE CRAFFORDITES DEFEATED

Convention. Neither Was That of Mr. W. T. Moss.

(Staff Correspondence.)
WILLIAMSBURG, VA., August 31.—
erhaps if Governor Spotswood had
nown that the 1899 Democratic con-Thirty-eighth Senatoria

was undertaken nearly three centuries ago.

As it was, nearly 200 delegates and interested spectators, including a double proportion of the "unterrified Democracy of the Old Free State of Warwick" pushed and jostled for seats and points of vantage in a little hall, intended to accommodate ninety-three persons under ordinary circumstances and sanitary conditions.

Anent the double proportion of delegates from Warwick there was more or less trouble in the Committee on Credentials, and thereby hangs a tale.

When the convention reassembled after the customary recess to allow the committees to get together and formulate their reports it was found that the Committee on Credentials was not ready to report and its members stated that it would probably be more than an hour before the report would be forthcom-

fore the report would be forthcom-

before the report would be forthcoming.

Inasmuch as the Warwick contest was the only one before the convention was the only one before the convention it was known that this was the bone of contention, and, from what could be learned of what transpired in the committee it was enough to satisfy the committee for one sitting at least.

Dr. Crafford presented his side of the question and Colonel J. H. Ham spoke in favor of the Madisonites. Each champion of the contending factions presented his side of the case to such good purpose that the members of the committee seemed to be at sea. Judge Christian, of Charles City, proposed that both delegations be turned down, but Mr. R. T. Armistead, of Williamsburg, protested agains this way of settling the matter, saying that the county should at least be given a voice in the convention. The compromise finally agreed upon divided the eleven voices of the county between the two factions—five and one-half voices to each.

CONVENTION IN DETAIL.

CONVENTION IN DETAIL.

The convention was called to order

12:17 o'clock by Mr. Thomas H.

licox, of Charles City county.

The small room inwhich the body conned was crowded to suffocation, the
ily accredited delegates filling pracally all of the scats. Interested
ectators who had assembled in large
combors ancked all the available snace. imbers packed all the available space, any crowded the open windows, hile the others deposited themselves pon the court green at least in hearcalling the convention to order

distance, calling the convention to order Wilcox said:

Wi

L. F. Barnes, New Kent; D. G. I. Newport News; J. H. Christlan, es City; S. G.Cumming, Elizabeth John A. Barnes, James City; Sweet, King William; R. W.

hield, York.
Organization—J. F. Hubbard, York,
hairman; Z. Parsons, Charles City;
The Disherdson Elizabeth City; J.

M. Jennings, James City: W. C. Nunn. King William; W. F. Woodward, New Kent; A. E. Burcher, Newport News; John B. Wilkins, Williamsburg.

Resolutions—Roger T. Gregory, New Kent, chairman; L.M.Marston, Charles City; H. H. Holt, Edizabeth City; A. J. Barnes, James City: Irwin Tucker, Newport News; Jno. B. Wilkins, Williamsburg; J. G. Warnom, York.

The convention was slow in reas-

liamshurg: J. G. Warnom, York.

The convention was slow in reassembling. It was 2:17 when Chairman Wilcox rapped the meeting to order. Then there was a wait for the Committee on Credentials, which seemed to have the main fight on its hands, the bone of contention being the contesting delegation from Warwick county. During the long wait the crowd grew impatient, and varied hand-clapping and stamping with calls for various prominent Democrats. Mr. W. C. Kelty, of Newport News, was called upon for a song, but did not respond. Finally a committee was appointed to wait on the committee on credentials and ascertain how long it would be before it would be ready to report. They reported that it would probably be an hour. It recess was taken then until 3:30.

Upon reassembling the committee on credentials reported through its chairman: "Your committee found that there was only one contest before the there was only one contest before the committee to settle. There was no contest except in the case of Warwick. The committee had great difficulty in adjusting this matter. Finally they decided upon a report, which is now in the hands of Secretary Curiming, that as we could not undertake to decide between the contestants we were forced to a condition that we would have

to let in both of the contesting delegations with the full vote to which Warwick was entitled-51-2 to each delegation."

eretary S. Gordon Cumming then ead the report of the committee:
"The committee on credentials re-

"The committee on credentials reports as follows:

"That this convention consists of seventy-three votes from the following cities and counties: Charles City, 2: Elizabeth City, 14; James City, 8; King William, 4; New Kent, 4; Newport News, 13; Warwick, 11; Williamsburg, 2; York, 14—total, 73, consisting of seventy-three votes.

"In the case of the contest from Warwick county, the committee recom-

"In the case of the contest from Warwick county, the committee recommends that in view of the uncertainty attending the election of both delegations, that both be seated, and can delegate be entitled to one-half vote." The question was put and the chair decided that it was carried.

Then the fun began.

For more than one hour the leaders of the two factions wrangled. A distance was called for, motions to reconsider were made, appeals from the decision of the chair were made and chaos reigned supreme.

chaos reigned supreme.

Finally, the chairman put the motion of Mr. Lewis to reconsider. The vote on reconsideration stood ayes, 24; noes, 38, and the matter was dec.ded.

The committee on organization reported in favor of Mr. Thomas H. Wilcox, of Charles City county, as permanent chairman, and Mr. H. D. Cole, of Williamsburg, as secretary. The report was adopted.

The committee on resolutions reported as follows:

"Resolved, first, That we, the Democrats of the Thirty-eighth Senatorial District of Virginia, in convention assembled, do endorse the course of Hen. Thomas S. Martin in the United States Senate as that of a true and tried Democrat and we become

Thomas S. Martin in the United States Senate as that of a true and tried Democrat, and we hereby express the election to succeed himself.

"Resolved, second, That the pominge of this convention is hereby instructed to use his induence and to vote for the Hon. Thomas S. Martin, at the session of the Legislature of Virginia, for the United States Senate, to succeed himself.

The report was adopted by a vote of 42 1-2 ayes to 16 1-2 noes, Elizabeth

1 the report was adopted by a vote of 21-2 ayes to 161-2 noes, Elizabeth Cliy not voting.

Nominating speeches and seconding speeches were limited to five minutes. Judge J. H. Christan, of Charles City, in a graceful little speech, nominated S. Gardner Tyler for the State Senate.

Commonwealth's Attorney J. K. M. Newton, arose and said:

"We came from the city of Newport News, which we trust now is the pride of the Peninsula; and we trust that when she shall become the metropolis of the South she will still more be the pride of the Peninsula, and that her prosperity will be your prosperity and the prosperity of your sons. She has large interests atstake which demand local legislation of a very serious nature, which may make or mar her future.

which may make or mar her future.
"We desire that we shall have a local
man in the Senate of Virginia, one
who understands and knows the needs
of our city and we being to rewho understands and knows the needs of our city and we bring to you a young Democrat who has labored zealously and tirelessly for the past twelve years. We know that he will attend to the duties of his position; that he will satisfy the wants of his people. "If rise to nominate a valiant young Democrat, an able young man and I call upon all young men, I call upon all old men who have sons to raily to his support and help him climb up the ladder of life! "Gentlemen, I nominate Mr. Clar-

IN STRIKING CONTRAST.

The convention to nominate a candidate for the House of Delegates was the antithesis of the senatorial convention in almost every respect. In striking contrast to the delays, tedious parliamentary fencing and petty wrangling, which characterized the former, were the expedition begroons and genwere the expedition, harmony and gen-eral evenness of the latter.

The Senatorial convention lasted

The Senatorial convention lasted early all of the afternoon; the house povention got through with its business in less than an hour. What it did n that hour, however, will have a far-ranching effect on the Democratic poli-lics of the Peninsula and of Warwick, jounty especially

tics of the Peninsula and of Warwick county especially.

CRAFFORDITES DEFEATED.

The Crafford faction was annihilated and the name of its leader as a candidate for the House was not even presented to the convention, neither was that of W. T. Moss, of Newport News.

E. C. Madison, of Warwick county, was nominated by acclamation.

The Madison men owned the convention, and the friends of the other two candidates saw that it was useless for their mames to go before the body.

The convention was called to order at 5 o'clock, Mr. Thomas B. Wilcox, again being named as temporary chairman.

again being named as temporary chairman.

The attendance was much smaller than at the Senatorial convention, and the delegates, worn out by the tiresome proceedings of the previous meeting, manifested a disposition to rush through with the work.

COMMITTEES NAMED.

Committees on organization, credentials and resolutions were appointed, the personnel of the committees being practically the same as in the Senatorial convention. After a recess of half an hour, the committee on credentials reported in favor of seating each of the contesting Warwick county delegations, allowing one-half vote to each delegate.

Mr. Irwin Tucker, of Newport News as chairman of the committee on res-

Admiral Endicott Will Now Re- Hardest Day on the Prisoner commend Its Construction.

THINKS THE NAVY NEEDS IT TOUCHING SCENES IN COURT

lar Plant at New York, Each Would Cost \$1,250,000. Estimates for

> Extensive Improvements. (By Telegraph.)

WASHINGTON, August 31.—The Sec-etary of the Navy has directed that naval service next year shall be submitted by to-morrow, September 1st thus giving him three months for coordinating them for submission to val bureaus have been active of late

estimates, with the exception of those relating to armor and ordnance, will be in hand to-morrow.

They show in general a considerable ircrease all along the line, owing to the rapid development of the navy, the un-precedented amount of naval shipbuild-

precederied amount of naval shipbuilding now in progress and the enlarged demands growing out of the war and the acquisition of new territory.

THE LARGEST ITEM.
The largest, item is \$18,000,000 under the head "Increase of the Navy," which is \$5,000,000 more than any previous estimate under this head. It is due to the unusual number of warships now in course of construction, aggregating fifty-four in all classes, a total much in excess of the number under construction at any previous time in the history than the progression of the number of the progression of the progression of the number of the n tleships, four monitors, three are ruisers, six protected cruisers, i destroyers and torpedo boats and al miscellaneous craft, submarine

three destroyers and torpedo boats and several miscellaneous craft, submarine boats, etc.

FOR NEW WORK.

Admiral Melville will also make estimates for new eig_neering plants, equipment, tools, buildings, etc., at Norfolk. Port Royal, Port Orchard and Mare Island. These plants are old, and the requirements now made on them induce the chief engineer to recommend the most modern appliances and such a remodelling of buildings as will bring them up to date.

Admiral Endicott, chief of the Bureau of Yards and Docks, will recommend two more large dry docks on the Atlantic Santagard, one at Norfolk and the other at New York. The estimate will be about \$1.250,000 each.

VIRGINIANS APPOINTED.

State G. ts Two Captains and Four/Lieu tenants on the Army List.

(By Telegraph.) WASHINGTON, Aug. 31.—The owing appointments in the voluntee rmy are announced: North Carolina—To be captain: Win

About Carolina—To be captain: Wm. R. Beavers, late captain Company K. First North Carolina Cavalry, 43.

To be first lieutenants: Alfred V. Brown, late quartermaster sergeant, Company B, Second North Carolina, 44: B. J. Wooten, late adjutant. Second North Carolina, 28: John W. Gulick, late first lieutenant, First North Carolina, 47.

To be Second 11.

otina, 4.

To be second lieutenant: Daniel R.
Johnson, late first lieutenant, First
North Carollina, 43.

Virginia—To be captains: W. B.
Preston, late lieuteant, Fourth U. S.
V. 43: W. S. Faulkner, late captain,
Sixth Virginia, 29.

To be first lieutenante: W. B.

Sixth Virginia, 29.

To be first Heutenants: H. H. Sheen, late captain. Company A. Fourth Virginia, 46; Robert L. Musurier, late captain. Company M. Third Virginia, 43; Robert Kent Spiller, late first lieutenant. Second Virginia, 42.

To be second lieutenant: Nathaniel B. Cantrell, Jr., late private Troop K. First U. S. Cavalry, 47.

LEASED BY THE SOUTHERN.

and Danville Rallway Absor

by the Southern.

(By Telegraph.)

RICHMOND, Aug. 31.—The Atlantic and Danville Railway has been leased by the Southern Railway and will be operated by that company in the future. The lense is for ninety-nine years, with the privilege of renewal at the expiration of that time.

At a meeting of the stockholders of the Southern this morning at 10 o'clockhold in the general offices of the case.

At a meeting of the stockholders of the Southern this morning at 10 o'clock held in the general offices of the cempany here, the lease was confirmed. A large majority of the stock of the Southern was represented, either in person or by proxy. Mr. Pairfax Harison, of Washington, D. C., solicitor for the Southern presided over the meeting. No business was transacted beyond the confirmation of this lease.

TOT SHOOTS AN INFANT.

Little Girl With a Little Gun Kills Her Little Siste

(By Telegraph.)
(By Telegraph.)
(CHARLESTON, S. C., August 21.—
News has been received here of a tragedy at Latta, Marion county, where the six-year-old daughter of Dr. R. A. Bass accidentally shot and killed her little brother four months old with a parlor rifle carrying a 22 calibre ball. While the child was handling the gun it was accidentally discharged, the ball striking the infant in the forehead and coming out at the back of the head.

FIGUEREO BAS RESIGNED

Downfall of the Government of San Do mingo is at Hand.

(By Telegraph.)

(By Telegraph.)

WASHINGTON, Aug. 31.—The Navy
Department has received official confirmation of the Associated Press d'spatches: announcing the resignation of
President Figuereo, of Santo Domingo,
in the following caolegram from Captain Longnecker, of the New Orleans:
"President Figuero resigned 4 o clock
yesterday."

DRYDOCK ATNORFOLK DREYFUS IN TEARS

Since the Trial Began.

it Was Due to His Wife That Dreyfus Die Not Commit Suicide When the Against Him.

RENNES. Angust 31 -This was th began. The strain proved too great for ourse of the trial he gave away to The generals have branded him as ; es have pointed the finger of scorn him. But he only flinched once-en the official report of his treatment Devil's Island was read before him I the pictures of his sufferings, men-and physical, was thrown vivilly the screen of his memory. Then he

on the screen of his memory. Then he hid his features and wept.

HIS DEGRADATION.

He passed through arother such crisis to-day when after Captain Lebrun-Renault and witness after witness had brought up before him again, that cold January morning which ushered in the scene of his degradation, Major Forzenetti, a man of heart, told in simple words and unaffected manner the story of Dreyfus' struggle with the maddening temptation to take his life and the intervention of his wife, as an angel, pointing out the road to duty. Then again the prisoner's breast heaved effort to remain calm as he spoke a few words concerning his denial to Colonel Du Paty de Clam that he wrote the bordereau, he turned to Forzenetti with a look of thanks for his consolation so needed.

SHE SAVED HIM.

Dreyfus then uttered these words of heartfelt gratitude to his wife for the courage with which she inspired him: "It is due to her," he cried, "that I am alive to-day."

"It is due to her," he cried, "that I am alive to-day."

'The prisoner could articulate no more, but sat down abruptly to conceal his distress. The proceedings comeluded a few minutes later and he was taken back to his prison, where his wife visited-him and in the presence of Mme! Dreyfus and the gendarme on guard, he broke down completely. The tension has been too much for him. He sobbed convulsively and the partner of his zorrows joined him in a solace of tears. Captain Lebrun-Renault and the supporters of his assertion of the Dreyfus enfession had an inning lasting nearly the entire session, their depositions containing little but what has been already stated before the Court of Cassatien.

A NEW ASSERTION.

Captain LeBrun-Renault introduces
the new assertion that the fact that he
had not related the inclient of the confestion to resident Casimer-crier was
because he overheard himself called
"Canalle," "town" fession to resident Casimer-erier was because he overheard himself called "Canaille," "cur," and "traitor" while waiting at the Elysee. He, however, could not explain why he kept this to himself for so long a time instead of recounting the incidert before the Court of Cassation. Ncr, did his explanation as to why he destroyed the page of his note book containing the record of Ereyfus' confession, sound very convincing.

The witnesses were a repetition of Captain LeBrun-Renault. But a very significant question was put to Colonel Guerin by a member of the ceurt. Lieutenant-Colonel Brongniart, who sits at Colonel Jouanst's right hand, always

as a traitor. The

Weyl, then he could assume Dreyfus was a traitor. The generals, if sufficient evidence -after a Dreyfus-Weyl had Esterhazy connection can be produced, can abandon the contention that Dreyfus wrote the bordereau and admitted Esterhazy is the author of it. This is possibly the change of tactics on the part of the generals which has been hinted at recently.

MADAME BADTIAN.

It was reported this afternoon that Generals Mercier, Roget and Gense and M. Caviagnac, who are staying quietly at the house of a friend some miles outside Rennes, met to-day at General Mercier's house and discussed the evidence Colonel Schwarzkoppen's housekeeper, Mme. Badtlan, could give it she was subjected to a severe examination, with the result that it was decided her evidence was not conclusive enough to justify summoning her as a witness for PROCEDEDINGS IN DETAIL.

evidence was not conclusive enough to justify summoning her as a witness for the prosecution.

PROCEDEDINGS IN DETAIL.

When the public session of the Dreyfus court-martial was resumed at 9:30 this morning there was a stir in the audience and considerable curiosity was manifested, as the name of Captain Le-Rrun-Renault of the Republican Guard, the recipient of the so-called contession of Dreyfus was called, and the officer walked smarrly to the witness box, saluted the court and threw his kepi on the table. He then stood at attention a waiting questions.

The president of the court, Colonel Jouaust, said:

"On January 5, 1895, the day of the prisoner's degradation you were entrusted with the task of conducting him from the Cherche Midi prison to the military school, where he remained some time in your charge. Tell the

ourt what passed between you and tim at that time." DEGRADATION OF DREYFUS. Captain LeBrun-Repault; "On Sat-

Captain LeBrun-Renault: "On Satterday, January 5, 1895, I was ordered with my squadron/to proceed to the Cherche Midi prison and take charge of Dreyfus, who was to be degraded at 9 o'clock in one of the court yards of the military schools. Starting at 7:15 I arrived at the place indicated at 7:45. The office of the prison adjutant was polated out to me as the place to keep the prisoner until the hour of the degradation parade. He began to protest his innocence and to say that, with considerable means at his disposal and a bright future in store for him, he could have no motive in being guilty of trea-

I am innocent. In three years m ce will be acknowledged. The r knows it well. He told Du claim to tell me so some days my cell. He knows that if I nicated documents to Germany re of no importance and it was in more serious and more indocuments."

The witness added that Captain Dat tel was present when the statement wa

AN INCONSISTENCY.

Captain LeBrun-Renault: "It is Captain LeBrun-Renault: "It is not for me to reconcile the inconsistencies of a sentence in which the material fact that documents had been communicated was admitted. It is not for Dreyfus and the defense to explain. I heard this sentence. I was only a kind of phonograph, and I repeated it without commentary. (excitement.)

CAPTAIN ANTHOINE.

Captain Anthoine, who was present a the degradation of Dreyfus was the next witness. He testified that on leav-ing the parade ground he met Captain D'Estel, who informed him that Drey-fus had made remarks in his present had made remarks in his presente meaning of which, to his mind,

First, a formal confession that had delivered documents; second, an legation that the documents were uni portant; third, that the prisoner's of ject was to obtain more imports documents in exchange. Lieutenant-Colonel Guerin, wh

Lieutenant-Colonel Guerin, whom General Saursier ordered to attend the degradation and report upon it, was next examined. He said: "Captain LeBrun-Renault, when re-lieved from duty, saw me and immenext examined. Fre said.

"Captain LeBrun-Remault, when relieved from duty, saw me and immediately began to relate what Dreyfus had said. The three statements which struck him because of their importance, remained so graven in my memory that I could never forget them, namely: first, the prisoner's pride in the facings he had lost; second, his confession that he had delivered documents to a foreign power; third, that in three years justice would be done him."

Major De Mitry, of the Hussars, testified to Captain Anthone telling him of the alleged confession of Dreyfus.

MAJOR FORZENETTI.

MAJOR FORZENETTI.

MAJOR FORZENETTI.

Major Forzenetti, who was governor of the Cherche Midi prison while Dreyfus was confined there, followed. He testified that while in prison Dreyfus also seemed to have the bearing of an innocent man and always asserted his innocente. The witness added that he told General De Boisdeffre that he believed Dreyfus was irmocent.

Replying to M. Demange, the Major said Colonel Du Paty de Cham asked him to surprise Dreyfus in his sleep in order to disturb him and catch him off his guard by throwing the light of a

duty. (commotion.)

Major Forzenetti corroborated this He said Dreyfus' statement was quite At 11:25 A. M., the court adjourned for the day.

DRIVEN BACK TO THE HILLS.

Hack Upon Imm.

(By Telegraph.)

MANILIA, Aug. 31.—5:30 P. M.—Dispatches just received from Cebu announce that the American troops under Colonel Bayless, with two field pieces, sallied, on Monday, into the hills against a band of natives, who recently ambushed four of our soldiers, and who have been generally troublenatives entrenched and drove from their trenches, further into the tills. There were no casualties on the American side, though there were some heat prostrations. The natives

loss is not given.

The United States cruiser Charleston landed men, who guarded the city during the absence of the troops.

The Fourth Infantry having prepared to give the insurgents a warm reception, the latter have ceased their preparations for an attack on Imus.

TROUBLE IN THE SYNAGOGUE.

Disagreement Over Selection of a Rabb

Bisgreement Over Selection of a Rabbi En is in Police Gener.

(By Telegraph.)

NORFOLK, V.A., Aug. 31.—Two factions of the congregation of Chervra. Gomley Chessed synagogus were arraigned in police court in Portsmouth this morning.

S. and H. Goodman, Shasting and Louis Banks were charged with assaulting Joe Bermer and several other members who were holding a business meeting for the purpose of catting a rabbi, and incidentally reading the Goodman faction out of the church. In the free fight which followed both factions were roughly handled. The trouble arose over S. Goodman's arbitrary ruling in the matter of the selection of a rabbi. The case was continued for further examination.

Weather Porcount

(By Telegraph.)
WASHINGTON, August 31.—Forecast
for Virginia—Generally fair Friday and
Saturday; fresh eact to south winds.

CHAMBERS ON SAMOA

Peace in the Islands Only Possible Through Annexation.

SO SAYS THE CHIEF JUSTICE

He Believes Conditions Will Remain Un settled Until One of the Treaty Pow

> ers Absorbs the Samoan Isles. May Not Return to Apia.

> > (By Telegraph.)

ATLANTA, GA., Justice Chambers, of Samoa, arrived here this morning en route to Washington where he goes to make his report on the situation in the Samoan Islands In speaking of the condition of affairs in Samoa, he said:

"As to whether peace in the Islands will be permanent depends largely upon will be permanent depends largely upon the action of the three governments upon the reports of the commissioners. Such a thing as a permanent and peaceful government in Samoa is, of course, possible, but the natives will at all times seize upon any indication of disagreement between the three governments and therefore no one can predict with absolute certainty what the conditions may be in the future.

ANNEXATION THE THING.

"My own opinion is that annexation of the island by one of the treaty powers is the only solution."

"I do not say the government will

"I do not say the government will be only temporary. It may be permanent. The situation is unique. It is the only case in history of its kind. It is the only case in history of its kind. It is the only instance in which one government has allied itself with foreign powers to control a formerly independent government.

HE MAY NOT RETURN.
"And as neither appears to be willing to give way to the other's every diplomatic expedient will be resorted to to continue the present arangements." "When do you expect to return to the island?"

I have been about as long in the tropics as officials ever remain and it is possible that I may not return at all."

HOW THE CLUBS STAND. hiladelphia .

LOUISVILLE, 6; WASHINGTON, 7.
LOUISVILLE, August 3L—The Colonels rallied in the ninth but their crors had given Washington a lead tiney could not overcome. The base ball season in Louisville wil close on Saturday. The sixteen remaining games scheduled for this city have been transferred. Attendance, 300.

Louisville2 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 2 -6 15
Washington ... 0 0 0 2 2 0 0 2 1-7 14
Batteries Dowling and owers; Mc
Farland and Roach.

Score: R.H.E.
St. Louis04000001x-5.84
Baltimcre290000010-3.82
Batteries: Young and Criger; McGinnity and Smith.

CINCINNATI. 2: PHILADELPHIA. 9.
CINCINNATI. August 31.—Orth was
invincible after the first inning to-day
while Taylor was hit hard throughout
the game. Attendance, 1,528. Cincinnati2000000000000-2.55 5
Philadolphia ...011130003-515 1
Batteris: Taylor and Woods: Orth

PITTSBURG, 3: NEW YORK, 7.
PITTSBURG, Angust 31.—it looked like New York's game in the first, when with six hits, live runs were scored; but in the fourth Pittsburg with live hits equalled this and had the game well in hand after that. Attendance, 1.500.

Score: R.H.E. Pltssburg 6 0 0 5 1 0 0 2 x-N 14 2 New York 5 0 0 1 0 0 0 1 -- 14 6 Exteries: Tannehill and Schrive Seymour and Wilson.

Schooner John Twohy, Steamer Keemun, (Br.) Glasgow.

Fail, London. Steamer Appomat

r Ten Day. Culonda

Sun rises, Sun sets, High way 6:6:4 M., 6:51 P. M. 1:32 P. M., 12:33 P. M.

(Continued on Eighth Page.